IWT Challenge Fund- R11



Stage 2 Webinar: What makes a good application?















Welcome!



Welcome to Stage 2 applicants from IWTCF Round 11!

Your panelists:



Mary Rice

- Executive Director, Environmental Investigation Agency UK
- Member of the IWT Challenge Fund Advisory Group



Andy East - NIRAS

 Biodiversity Challenge Funds (BCFs) Communications and Workshops Lead



Victoria Reilly-Pinion - NIRAS

BCFs Programme Manager

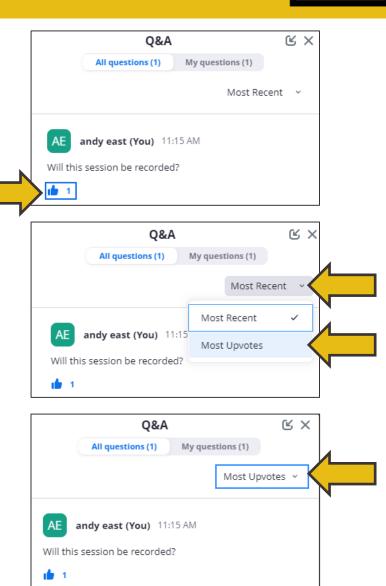
Key contact for application queries: **BCF-IWTCF@niras.com** Flexi-Grant specific queries: **BCF-Flexigrant@niras.com**

Agenda & Housekeeping



- Welcome
- IWT Advisory Group Presentation
- Questions

If you have any questions, please feel free to type them in the Q&A box and upvote any that you are interested in hearing the answer to.



IWT Challenge Fund- R11



Stage 2 Stage Applications

Mary Rice - Advisory Group Member







Contents



- The fundamentals
- Project types
- IWTCF objectives
- Why this project?
- What do you aim to achieve, and how?
- Who will be involved / impacted, and where?
- Poverty Reduction & Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI)
- Red Flags
- Green Flags



The Fundamentals



- Read the guidance
- Answer the questions
- Do not exceed the number of pages of supplementary information
- Address the feedback ask for clarification if needed
- Demonstrate value for money / expenditure in-country
- Honesty and integrity
 - Learn from previous work
 - Draw on external expertise
 - Be realistic

Project types



Table 1: Summary of Project Grants					
Grant	Duration	Application Stages	Estimated Annual Number of Awards	Type of Project	Grant amount
Extra	2-4 years	2	1-2	Demonstrating a clear scaling pathway, building on good evidence from smaller projects to scale further	£600,000 - £1,500,000
Main	1-3 years	2	8-15	Providing good evidence, expected to deliver strong results, and demonstrate the potential to scale	£75,000 - £600,000
Evidence	Up to 2 years	1	<10	Focused on evidence gathering to design IWT interventions	£20,000 - £100,000

IWT Challenge Fund objectives



- Reducing demand for IWT products
- 2. Ensuring effective legal frameworks and deterrents
- 3. Strengthening law enforcement
- Developing sustainable livelihoods to benefit people directly affected by IWT



Why this project?



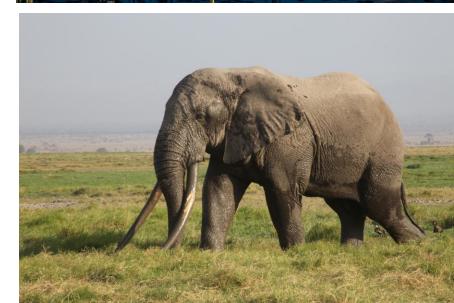
- Clear outline of the need for the project, including the IWT threats it will address.
- Add references
- Outline work that has already taken place
- How does your work complement this?
- How are you applying lessons learned?
- Can initiatives from a different area or sector be harnessed or adapted and/or scaled?

What do you aim to achieve, and how?



- Logical methodology: will this deliver the project outcomes and contribute to the overall impact?
- Is the approach appropriate for the stated problem?
- Have risks been identified; how will they be managed / mitigated?
- Follow the guidance for outputs, outcomes and impact, indicators, i.e.
 Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic and Timebound (SMART).
- Sustainability / exit strategy?
- How will the project strengthen / benefit key stakeholders?





Who will be involved/impacted and where?



- Partnerships and collaboration
- Understanding of in-country stakeholders
- Evidence of early engagement in project design
- Identification of beneficiaries
- Clarity of geographic scope
- Projects in Upper-Middle Income Countries need to show:
 - Impact in Least Developed / Low-Income Countries
 - Contribution to the global public good
 - Contribution to/intervention on a critical issue that could not be made elsewhere.

Poverty Reduction and GESI



- Poverty is multi-dimensional and not solely about a lack of money; it encompasses a range of issues that hinder people's abilities to meet their basic needs and better their life with dignity.
- Should be referenced in impact and include appropriate outputs and outcomes
- Assessed in the context of project aims and feasibility
- Gender inequality and social inclusion (GESI) has been appropriately considered and integrated throughout proposal, including genderdisaggregated indicators.

Red Flags



- Repetition of approaches that were not effective
- Overlooking contributions of others
- Absence of local partners
- Unethical / unjust goals often also unevidenced
- Unethical management / use of sensitive data
- Unexplained acronyms



Green Flags



- Innovative / novel collaborations and creativity
- Applications from / inclusion of local NGOs and partners
- Respect, collaboration and consultation with local communities, recognising, and ideally representing, local needs, challenges and views.
- Capacity building / skill-sharing maximised alongside delivery and included as outcome measures.



