# The Illegal Wildlife Trade Challenge Fund











**IWT Case Study Webinar** 





#### Webinar Panellists



#### **Kelly Forsythe**

- Technical and Admin support to the Darwin Initiative and IWT-CF
- Day to day contact with all IWT-CF projects
- IWT-Fund@ltsi.co.uk



#### **Victoria Pinion**

- Technical advisor to the Darwin Initiative and IWT-CF
- Victoria-Pinion@ltsi.co.uk



#### **Regine Weckauf**

- Technical Adviser at Fauna & Flora International Cambodia Country Programme
- Project Leader on Project IWT044 "Critical evidence to drive a reduction in Cambodia's ivory trade"



#### **Debbie Banks**

- Tigers and Wildlife Crime Campaign leader for the Environmental Investigation Agency
- Project Leader on Project IWT046 "Enhancing enforcement to end tiger trade in South East Asia"

### Agenda

- Welcome and Introductions
- Case Study 1 IWT044
- Questions
- **Case Study 2** IWT046
- Questions
- Final Questions

### Objectives

- To provide a lesson learning opportunity for key personnel from new and previously funded IWT Challenge Fund projects
- An opportunity for past project leaders to share their experiences and tips

### Welcome & Congratulations!

#### **IWT Challenge Fund Round 5:**

- 98 IWT applications received at Stage 1
- 35 IWT applications invited to Stage 2
- 14 new IWT projects funded

### Poll

#### What is your role on your project?

- Project Leader/Co-Leader
- Technical
- Admin/Finance
- Other

### Poll

## Is your project new or from a previous funding Round?

- New Project (Round 5)
- Existing Project
- I currently don't work on any IWT projects

## Case Study 1

Project Reference:	IWT044
Project Title:	Critical evidence to drive a reduction in Cambodia's ivory trade
Lead Organisation:	Fauna & Flora International
Project Duration:	April 2017 – March 2021 (4 years)
Country(ies):	Cambodia



Critical evidence to drive a reduction in Cambodia's ivory trade

Fauna & Flora International Regine Weckauf – August 2019

Regine.weckauf@fauna-flora.org

Funded by the UK Government through the Illegal Wildlife Trade Challenge Fund



FAUNA & FLORA

INTERNATIONAL

### Why Cambodia?

- Cambodia a "transit country"?
- Potentially important but understudied market for ivory



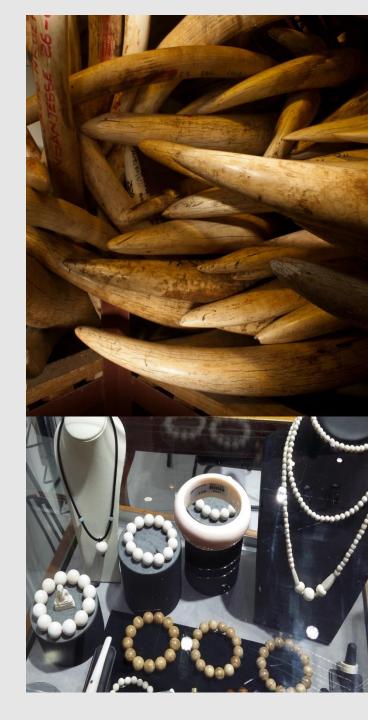


In 2015, 15 shops sold elephant ivory (800 carved items)

Within 6 months, this increased to 25 shops (1100 items)



- 1. Cambodian ivory markets and trading networks
- 2. National capacity for genetic analysis of ivory and regional collaboration
- National legislation regarding ivory in place and effectively enforced

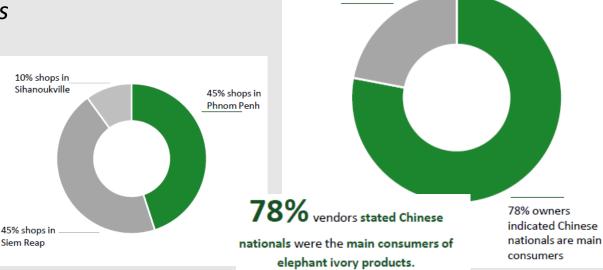




1. Collecting evidence of Cambodian ivory markets

and trading networks

- Annual market surveys
- Undercover surveys
- Online surveys
- Media surveys



22% indicated Cambodian,

Vietnamese, and Thai are main consumers

#### 2019

- 67 vendors
- 3840 ivory products
- worth US\$910,000

4-fold amount of shops and total value 8 times higher than 2015

#### Learning along the way

- Flexibility in activities
- Bringing in outside help
- Communication with LTS/DEFRA



#### 2. Building national capacity for genetic analysis of ivory and regional collaboration

#### The first Conservation Genetics lab in Cambodia















- 9 Ivory samples identified as African Elephants
- 2 Ivory samples identified as Asian Elephants
- 2 samples identified as Woolly mammoths

#### Learning along the way

- Actively engage partners and drive processes
- Using experienced staff and trusted partnerships





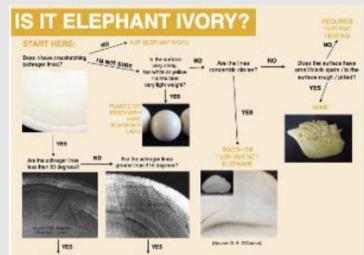
## 3. Supporting **national legislation** regarding ivory is in place and effectively enforced

## Leveraging governmental commitment to strengthen national legislation and law enforcement

- Sharing of evidence ensuring actionable enforcement
- Training and support of governmental commitments

#### Learning along the way

- Engage all ministries
- Report to highest level of government







#### Learning

- Close monitoring of partners (have alternatives)
- Communication and monthly meetings between partners
- Build more upfront managerial and oversight time in projects that require governmental support to initiate

#### **Budget**

- Spend your money, especially if you have started late
- Communicate budget requirements to partners, develop financial templates if necessary



#### Learning

- Long report but good opportunity to get feedback and reevaluate
- Build report during the year, i.e. start your next annual report the day after you hand in
- Report to logframe
- Get partner input to reports early, and expect to support partners in reporting

#### Personal

- Read the grant agreement a few times over the first year
- Reach out to LTS and keep the bigger picture in mind
- Find a friend or colleague that has a IWTCF grant





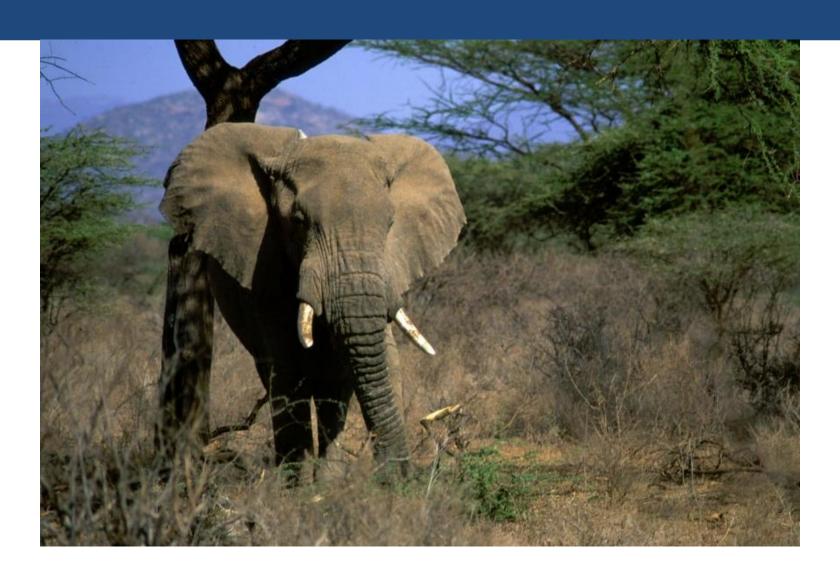
Department for Environment Food & Rural Affairs

Jackson Frechette (former FFI)
Samet Sok (FFI)
Bianca Roberts (FFI)
Trang Nguyen (former FFI)
Darith Sieng (RUPP)
Saveng Ith (RUPP)
Chansorphea Srey (RUPP)
Helen Senn (RZSS)
Alex Ball (RZSS)
Jennifer Kaden (RZSS)





## Any Questions?



## Case Study 2

Project Reference:	IWT046
Project Title:	Enhancing enforcement to end tiger trade in South East Asia
Lead Organisation:	Environmental Investigation Agency (EIA) Limited
Project Duration:	June 2017 – May 2019 (2 years)
Country(ies):	Lao PDR, Vietnam, Thailand, China



## Enhancing Enforcement to End Tiger Trade in South East Asia

Debbie Banks, Tigers & Wildlife Crime Campaign Leader

# Presentation Contents

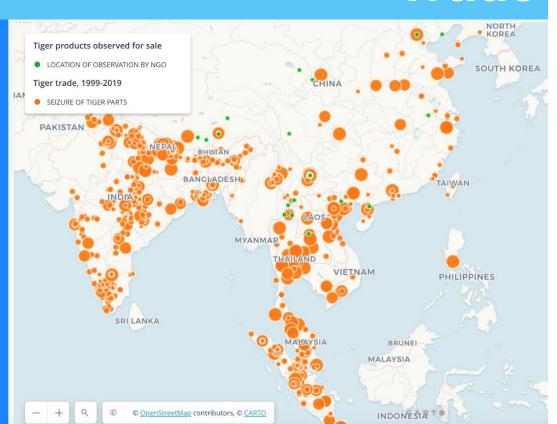


**Project Summary** 

**Achievements and Challenges** 

**Lessons Learned** 

# Tigers Threatened by Trade





There are around 4000 wild tigers remaining across their Asian range

Tip of the iceberg: minimum of 2,084 tigers seized from trade since 2000

https://eia-international.org/wildlife/wildlife-trade-maps/

## Trade from Tiger Farms Stimulates Demand

- >8000 tigers in captivity across China, Thailand, Laos &
- South Africa 56 facilities, at least 280 tigers

**Vietnam** 

- Anywhere there are captive tigers there is risk of trade











## Farmed tiger products increasingly accessible on social media













# Project Partners & Outcome

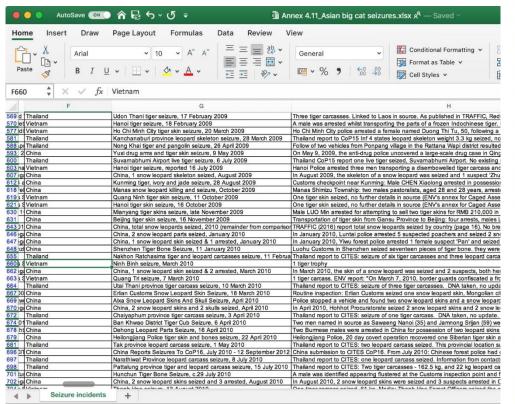
Increased cooperation between law enforcement agencies in all project countries (Lao PDR, China, Vietnam, Thailand) involving increased use of specialised investigation techniques leads to seizures, arrests and prosecutions against wildlife criminals operating in and through Lao PDR.

Environmental Investigation Agency, Education for Nature Vietnam and the Wildlife Friends Foundation Thailand





# Monitoring Tiger Crime Incidents



374 of 1714 records found



Seizure of five dead frozen tigers, Ha Long, January 2018, and subsequent conviction and sentencing to ten years in prison

Seizure of two tiger carcasses in bowls of liquid, Nghe An, April 2018

Seizure of tiger skin, bone, claws and teeth and other wildlife parts from trader crossing into Vietnam from Laos, April 2018, and subsequent conviction and sentencing to **five years in prison** 

Seizure of a live tiger in Hanoi, May 2018, and subsequent conviction and sentencing of three suspects to between 10 and 15 months in prison

Seizure of five dead tiger cubs in Nghe An, June 2018

Seizure of two stuffed tigers in Can Tho, June 2018

Seizure of two frozen tiger cubs offered for sale on Facebook in joint ENV/police sting operation. Bac Ninh. March 2019 (Case ref.13069/ENV)

Seizure of a tiger skin and 5.4kg tiger bone in Quang Ninh, April 2019

Seizure of two frozen tiger cubs in joint ENV/police sting operation, from trader who advertised the cubs for sale on Facebook, April 2019 (Case ref.13069/ENV)

Seizure of frozen tiger carcass, two tiger skins and other wildlife in Thai Nguyen, May 2019 (Case ref. 14306/ENV)

Seizure of 54 tiger skin wallets, a tiger skin belt, tiger claws, teeth and a tail keychain, along with other wildlife products, from online trader identified by ENV, Binh Duong, May 2019 (Case ref. 13477/ENV)

Confiscation of a tiger trophy of illegal origin (Case ref. 12027/ENV) Jan 2018

Three frozen tigers (Case refs. 11712 & 12269/ENV) Nov 2017

Five dead tiger cubs and 43kg of tiger meat (Case ref 11989/ENV) Jan 2018

Two cases involving seizure of tiger bones (Case refs 11645 & 11598/ENV) Nov 2017

#### China

Seizure of tiger bone products offered for sale online in Guangxi, June 2017
Seizure of freshly slaughtered tiger in Leizhou, July 2017, and subsequent conviction and sentencing of seven defendants ranging from 18 months to 12 years in prison, plus fines Seizure of 600g tiger bone and other wildlife parts in Yunnan, July 2017

Conviction of four individuals for trading in tiger bone wine and other wildlife, one individual received **five years in jail** and in Chancheng, July 2017

Seizure of tiger teeth and claws and other wildlife from Vietnamese national in Hekou, Yunnan, and subsequent conviction and sentencing to ten years imprisonment plus fine, August 2017

**■ □ - → + 100%** 

## Mapping and monitoring tiger farms







https://eia-international.org/wildlife/wildlife-trade-maps/illegal-trade-seizures-captive-tiger-trade/

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## Mapping the criminal networks

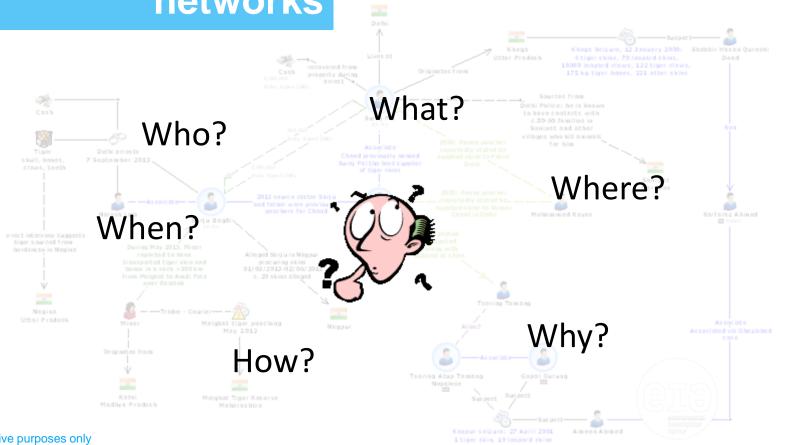


Chart for illustrative purposes only

#### **Achievements**

- Documented commodity flow
- Mapped five criminal networks
- Increase in tiger crime incidents treated as serious crime
- New law in Thailand, strengthened law in Vietnam, commitment to end tiger farming in Laos

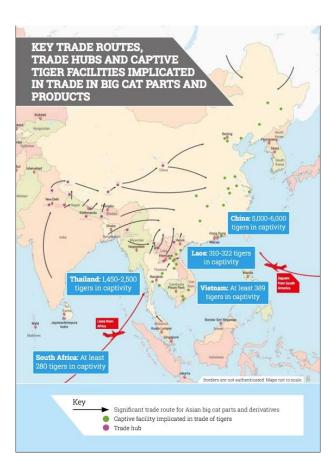












#### Challenges

- No response from Laos law enforcement agencies
- Lack of action in Thailand
- Laos PM allowed farms to convert to safaris and zoos
- China repealed ban



#### Seven dead tiger cubs found frozen in back of car 'were being smuggled'



trafficking ring, which has been running for several years from a central

province which shares a border with Laos.



#### **Lessons Learned**



#### **CAPACITY**

 Would have one person working fulltime on the project for advocacy & project administration

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## Thanks for listening!

